Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

- (Original): A method of preventing organ ischemia or reperfusion injury comprising administrating to a living subject in need thereof a pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a. a serine protease inhibitor; and
 - b. adenosine, an adenosine agonist or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug or metabolite thereof.
- 2. (Currently amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the serine protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, ∃-amino-n-caproic acid, ∃₁-antichymotrypsinα₁-antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, ∃₁-antitrypsinα₁-antitrypsin, p-amidinophenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin ({(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl} carbamoyl □ [2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl] (S) glycyl [A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl-α- [2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal), chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluoro phosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), ∃₂-macroglobulinα₂-macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-Arg-chloromethylketone), PPACK II, N³-tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N³-tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, and any mixture thereof.
- 3. (Original): The method of claim 1, wherein the adenosine agonist or pharmaceutically

acceptable derivative is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4aminobenzyl-5'-N-methyl carboxamidoadenosine), CPA (N^6 -cyclopentyladenosine), ADAC (N^6 - [4-[[[4-[[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro- N^6 -cyclopentyladenosine), CHA (N^6 cyclohexyladenosine), GR79236 (N⁶-[1S, trans,2-hydroxy cyclopentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)- N^6 -(2-endonorbanyl)adenosine), IAB-MECA (N^6 -(4-amino-3iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), R-PIA $(R-N^6-p)$ isopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethylcarbamoyl-3,4-dihydroxytetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2-yl]-prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2-carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-Nethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CV1808 (2-phenylaminoadenosine), HENECA (2-hex-1ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine), PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4-aminophenyl) methyl carbonyl] ethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'-N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino thiocarbonyl-2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), DPMA (N⁶-(2(3,5-dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methyl phenyl) ethyl)adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethylcarbox amidoadenosine), WRC-0470 (2cyclohexylmethylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2-(3-chloro-2-thienyl)-1-methylpropyl]amino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yl] cyclopentane carboxamide), IB-MECA (N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl) adenosine -5'-Nmethyluronamide), 2-CIADO (2-chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N⁶-(4-amino-3iodobenzyl) adenosine), S-PIA (S- N^6 -(phenylisopropyl) adenosine), 2-[(2-aminoethylaminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl aminol-5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine, 2-Cl-IB-MECA (2-chloro-N⁶- (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.

- 4. (Original): A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a. a serine protease inhibitor; and
 - b. adenosine, an adenosine agonist or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug or metabolite thereof.

- (Currently amended): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4, wherein the serine protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, ∃-amino-n-caproic acid, ∃₁-antichymotrypsinα₁-antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, ∃₁-antitrypsinα₁-antitrypsinα₁-antitrypsin, p-amidino phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin ({(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl}-carbamoyl-□-[2-amidohexa hydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl] (S) glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = He]-phenyl alaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl-α-[2-amidohexa hydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = He]-phenyl alaninal), chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluorophosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), ∃₂-macroglobulinα₂-macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-Arg-chloromethylketone), PPACK II, N²-tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N²-tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, and any mixture thereof.
- 6. (Original): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 4, wherein the adenosine agonist or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4-aminobenzyl-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), CPA (N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), ADAC (N⁶-[4-[[[4-[[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro-N⁶-cyclopentyl adenosine), CHA (N⁶-cyclohexyladenosine), GR79236 (N⁶-[1S, trans,2-hydroxy cyclopentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)-N⁶-(2-endonorbanyl) adenosine), IAB-MECA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methylcarboxamido adenosine), R-PIA (R-N⁶-(phenylisopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethyl carbamoyl-3,4-dihydroxy-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2-yl]-prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexane carboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2-carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CV1808 (2-phenylaminoadenosine), HENECA (2-hex-1-ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine), PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4-aminophenyl)methylcarbonyl]ethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'-N-

ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino thiocarbonyl-2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), DPMA (N^6 -(2(3,5-dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl)adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2-phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), WRC-0470 (2-cyclohexyl methylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2-(3-chloro-2-thienyl)-1-methylpropyl]amino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yl] cyclopentane carboxamide), IB-MECA (N^6 -(3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), 2-CIADO (2-chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N^6 -(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine), S-PIA (S- N^6 -(phenylisopropyl)adenosine), 2-[(2-aminoethyl-aminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl amino]-5'-N-ethyl-carboxamidoadenosine, 2-Cl-IB-MECA (2-chloro- N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl) adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.

- 7. (Original): A method of preventing organ ischemia or reperfusion injury comprising concomitantly administering to a living subject in need thereof
 - a. a serine protease inhibitor; and
 - b. adenosine, an adenosine agonist or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug or metabolite thereof.
- 8. (Currently amended): The method of claim 7, wherein the serine protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, ∃-amino-n-caproic acid, ∃₁-antichymotrypsinα₁-antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, ∃₁-antitrypsinα₁-antitrypsin, p-amidinophenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin ([(S) 1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl] carbamoyl □ [2-amidohexahydro-4-(S)-pyrimidyl] (S) glycyl [A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile] phenylalaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl-α- [2-amidohexahydro-4-(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal), chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluorophosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), ∃₂-macroglobulinα₂-macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-

Arg-chloromethylketone), PPACK II, N^a -tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N^a -tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, and any mixture thereof.

9. (Original): The method of claim 7, wherein the adenosine agonist or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4aminobenzyl-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), CPA (N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine). ADAC (N^6 - [4-[[[4-[[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro- N^6 -cyclopentyladenosine), CHA (N^6 cyclohexyladenosine), GR79236 (N⁶-[1S, trans,2-hydroxycyclopentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)- N^6 -(2-endonorbanyl)adenosine), IAB-MECA (N^6 -(4-amino-3iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), R-PIA (R-N⁶-(phenylisopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethylcarbamoyl-3,4dihydroxy-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2-yl]-prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2-carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), CV1808 (2-phenylaminoadenosine), HENECA (2-hex-1-ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine), PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4-amino phenyl) methylcarbonyllethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'-N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino thiocarbonyl-2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), DPMA (N^6 -(2(3,5-dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl)adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), WRC-0470 (2cyclohexylmethylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2-(3-chloro-2-thienyl)-1-methylpropyllamino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yl] cyclo pentane carboxamide), IB-MECA (N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), 2-CIADO (2-chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine), S-PIA $(S-N^6-(phenylisopropyl)adenosine), 2-[(2-aminoethyl-aminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl$ amino]-5'-N-ethyl-carboxamidoadenosine, 2-Cl-IB-MECA (2-chloro-N⁶- (3iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.

- 10. (Original): A method of preventing organ ischemia or reperfusion injury comprising administering to a living subject in need thereof sequentially in any order
 - a. a serine protease inhibitor; and
 - b. adenosine, an adenosine agonist or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug or metabolite thereof.
- 11. (Currently amended): The method of claim 10, wherein the serine protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, ∃-amino-n-caproic acid, ∃₁-antichymotrypsinα₁-antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, ∃₁-antitrypsinα₁-antitrypsin, p-amidinophenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin ({(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl}-carbamoyl-□-[2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl-α-[2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal), chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluorophosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), ∃₂-macroglobulinα₂-macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-Arg-chloromethylketone), PPACK II, N³-tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N³-tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, and any mixture thereof.
- 12. (Original): The method of claim 10, wherein the adenosine agonist or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4-aminobenzyl-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), CPA (N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), ADAC (N⁶- [4-[[[4-[[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro-N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), CHA (N⁶-cyclohexyladenosine), GR79236 (N⁶-[1S, trans,2-hydroxycyclopentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)- N⁶-(2-endonorbanyl)adenosine), IAB-MECA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), R-PIA (R-N⁶-(phenylisopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethylcarbamoyl-3,4-

dihydroxy-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2-yl]-prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2-carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarbox amido adenosine), CV1808 (2-phenylaminoadenosine), HENECA (2-hex-1-ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine), PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4-amino phenyl) methylcarbonyl]ethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'-N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino thiocarbonyl-2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), DPMA (N⁶-(2(3,5-dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl) adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), WRC-0470 (2cyclohexylmethylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2-(3-chloro-2-thienyl)-1-methylpropyl]amino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yl] cyclo pentane carboxamide), IB-MECA (N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide). 2-CIADO (2-chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N^6 -(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine), S-PIA $(S-N^6-(phenylisopropyl)adenosine), 2-[(2-aminoethyl-aminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl$ amino]-5'-N-ethyl-carboxamidoadenosine, 2-Cl-IB-MECA (2-chloro-N⁶- (3iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.

- 13. (Original): A method of preventing organ or tissue injury at a predetermined point or period of intervention comprising administrating to a living subject in need thereof a pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a. a serine protease inhibitor; and
 - b. adenosine, an adenosine agonist or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug or metabolite thereof.
- 14. (Original): The method of claim 13, wherein the organ or tissue injury is related to at least one of cardiac surgery, non-surgical cardiac revascularization, organ transplantation, perfusion, ischemia, reperfusion, ischemia-reperfusion injury, oxidant injury, cytokine induced injury, shock induced injury, resuscitations injury, and apoptosis.

15. (Original): The method of claim 13, wherein the administrating is taken at the predetermined point of intervention related to at least one of pre-treatment regimen, pharmacological preconditioning, reperfusion, or post interventional therapy, wherein the pharmacological preconditioning is a treatment administered before the ischemic intervention followed by a brief period of reperfusion or washout.

- 16. (Currently amended): The method of claim 13, wherein the serine protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, ∃-amino-n-caproic acids_amino-n-caproic acid, ∃₁-antichymotrypsinα₁-antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, ∃₁-antitrypsinα₁-antitrypsin, p-amidinophenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin ({(S) 1-carboxy 2-phenylethyl} carbamoyl □ [2 amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl] (S) glycyl-{A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile} phenylalaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl-α- [2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-{A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile}-phenylalaninal}, chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluorophosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), ∃₂-macroglobulinα₂-macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-Arg-chloromethylketone), PPACK II, N³-tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N³-tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, and any mixture thereof.
- 17. (Original): The method of claim 13, wherein the adenosine agonist or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4-aminobenzyl-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), CPA (N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), ADAC (N⁶- [4-[[[4-[[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro-N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), CHA (N⁶-cyclohexyladenosine), GR79236 (N⁶-[1S, trans,2-hydroxycyclopentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)- N⁶-(2-endonorbanyl)adenosine), IAB-MECA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), R-PIA (R-N⁶-(phenylisopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethylcarbamoyl-3,4-

dihydroxy-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2-yl]-prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2-carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CV1808 (2-phenylaminoadenosine), HENECA (2-hex-1ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine), PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4-aminophenyl) methyl carbonyl]ethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'-N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino thiocarbonyl-2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), DPMA (N⁶-(2(3,5-dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methyl phenyl) ethyl)adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), WRC-0470 (2cyclohexylmethylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2-(3-chloro-2-thienyl)-1-methylpropyl]amino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yll cyclopentane carboxamide), IB-MECA (N⁶- (3-iodo benzyl)adenosine-5'-Nmethyluronamide), 2-CIADO (2-chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N^6 -(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine), S-PIA (S- N^6 -(phenylisopropyl)adenosine), 2-[(2-amino ethylaminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl amino]-5'-N-ethyl-carboxamidoadenosine, 2-Cl-IB-MECA (2-chloro- N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.

- 18. (Original): A method of preventing organ ischemia or reperfusion injury comprising administrating to a living subject in need thereof a pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a. a protease inhibitor; and
 - b. an agent that alters activities of G protein coupled receptors and cAMP, an analog or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug or metabolite thereof.
- 19. (Currently amended): The method of claim 18, wherein the protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, ∃-amino-n-caproic acid, ∃₁-antichymotrypsinα₁-antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, ∃₁-antitrypsinα₁-antitrypsin, p-amidinophenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin ([(S)-

1-carboxy 2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl [2-amidohexahydro 4(S) pyrimidyl] (S) glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl- α -[2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]phenylalaninal), chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluoro phosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), \bigoplus_{2} -macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-Arg-chloromethylketone), PPACK II, N^a -tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N^a -tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, acetylpepstatin (Ac-Val-Val-(3S,4S)-Sta-Ala-(3S,4S)-Sta-OH), calpain inhibitor I (N-acetyl-Leu-Leu-norleucinal), calpain inhibitor II (N-acetyl -Leu-Leu-Met-CHO), amastatin ([(2S, 2R)]-3-amino-2-hydroxy-5-methylhexanoyl] -Val-Val-Asp-OH), arphamenine A ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8-guanidino-4-oxo-2-phenylmethyl octanoic acid), arphamenine B ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8-guanidino-4-oxo-2-p-hydroxyphenyl methyloctanoic acid),benzamidine, bestatin ((2S, 2R)-3-amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenyl butanoyl] -L-Leucine), CA-074 ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl)-L-isoleucyl-L-proline), CA-074-Me ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl)-L-isoleucyl-L-prolinemethylester), calpastatin, calpeptin (benzyloxycarbonylleucyl-norleucinal), carboxypeptidase inhibitor, cathepsin inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz), cathepsin inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz-pMe), cathepsin inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-BzpOMe), cathepsin B inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Ala-CH₂F), cathepsin B inhibitor II (Ac-Leu-Vallysinal), cathepsin L inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Phe- CH₂F), cathepsin L inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Tyr-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Tyr-(t-Bu)-CHN₂), cathepsin L inhibitor IV (1naphthalenesulfonyl-Ile-Trp-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor V (Z-Phe-Tyr(OtBu)-COCHO), cathepsin L inhibitor VI (N (4 biphenylacetyl) S methylcysteine (D) Arg-Phe phenethylamide)(N-(4-biphenylacetyl)-S-methylcysteine-(D)-Arg-Phe-βphenethylamide), cathepsin S inhibitor (Z-Phe-Leu-COCHO), cystatin, diprotin A (H-Ile-Pro-Ile-OH), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64 d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)-trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-3-methylbutane ethyl ester), ebelactone A (3,11-dihydroxy-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexamethyl-9-oxo-6-tetradecenoic 1,3lactone), ebelactone B (2-ethyl-3,11-dihydroxy-4,6,8,10,12-penta methyl -9-oxo-6-

tetradecenoic 1,3-lactone), EDTA (ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid), EGTA (ethyleneglycol-bis(□-aminoethyl) N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid)(ethyleneglycol-bis(βaminoethyl)-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid), elastase inhibitor II (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Ala-CMK), elastase inhibitor III (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Val-CMK), elastatinal (Leu-(Cap)-Gln-Ala-al or N-[(S)-1-carboxy-isopentyl)-carbamoyl-alpha-(2-iminohexahydro-4(S)pyrimidyl]-L-glycyl-L-glutaminyl-L-alaninal), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64 d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)-trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-3-methylbutane ethyl ester), N-ethyl maleimide, GGACK (1,5-dansyl-L-glutamyl-Lglycyl-L-arginine chloro methyl ketone), galardin (N-[(2S)-(methoxycarbonylmethyl)-4methylpentanoyl]-L-tryptophan-methyl amide), 2-guanidinoethylmercaptosuccinic acid, hirudin, HIV protease inhibitor (Ac-Leu-Val-phenylalaninal), leuhistin (((2R,3S)-3amino-2-hydroxy-2-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-5-methyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid), leupeptin (acetyl-leucyl-leucyl-arginal), NCO-700, PEFABLOC SC (4-(2-aminoethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride), pepstatin (isovaleryl-Val-Val-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6methylheptanoyl-Ala-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6-methylheptanoic acid), phebestin ((2S,3R)-3amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenylbutanoyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanine), PMSF (phenyl methyl sulfonyl fluoride), phosphoramidon (N-alpha-L-rhamnopyranosyloxy(hydroxyl phosphinyl)-L-Leucyl-L-tryptophan, plummer's inhibitor (D,L-2-mercaptomethyl-3guanidino-ethylthiopropanoic acid), 1,10-phenanthroline, subtilisin inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor II (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor III (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz-pOMe), subtilisin inhibitor IV (Boc-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), subtilisin inhibitor V (Boc-Ala-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz), TIMP-2 (tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 2), trypsin inhibitor, secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor, and any mixture there of.

20. (Original): The method of claim 18, wherein the agent that alters activities of G protein coupled receptors and cAMP or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4-aminobenzyl-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), CPA (N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), ADAC (N⁶- [4-[[[4-[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro-N⁶-cyclopentyl adenosine), CHA (N⁶-cyclohexyladenosine),

GR79236 (N^6 -[1S, trans,2-hydroxycyclo pentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)- N^6 -(2endonorbanyl)adenosine), IAB-MECA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-Nmethylcarboxamidoadenosine), R-PIA ($R-N^6$ -(phenyl isopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethylcarbamoyl-3,4-dihydroxy-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2yl]-prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2-carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CV1808 (2phenylaminoadenosine), HENECA (2-hex-1-ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine), PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4aminophenyl)methylcarbonyl]ethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'-N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino thio carbonyl-2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), DPMA (N^6 -(2(3,5dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl)adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), WRC-0470 (2-cyclohexyl methylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2-(3-chloro-2thienyl)-1-methylpropyl]amino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yl] cyclopentane carboxamide), IB-MECA (N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), 2-CIADO (2-chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine), S-PIA (S- N^6 -(phenylisopropyl)adenosine), 2-[(2-aminoethyl-aminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl amino]-5'-N-ethyl-carboxamidoadenosine, 2-Cl-IB-MECA (2-chloro-N⁶- (3-iodobenzyl) adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), adenosine, polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.

- 21. (Original): A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a. a protease inhibitor; and
 - b. an agent that alters activities of G protein coupled receptors and cAMP or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug thereof.
- 22. (Currently amended): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 21, wherein the protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, □-amino-n-caproic acid, □-amino-n-caproic acid, □-t-

 $\frac{\text{antichymotrypsin}}{\alpha_1}$ -antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, $\frac{\Box_1}{\alpha_1}$ -antitrypsin α_1 antitrypsin, p-amidinophenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin (f(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl- \Box - [2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C =Ite] phenylalaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl- α -[2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal), chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluoro phosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), ⊟₂-macroglobulinα₂macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-Arg-chloromethylketone), PPACK II, N^a-tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N^a -tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, acetyl-pepstatin (Ac-Val-Val-(3S,4S)-Sta-Ala-(3S,4S)-Sta-OH), calpain inhibitor I (N-acetyl-Leu-Leu-norleucinal), calpain inhibitor II (N-acetyl -Leu-Leu-Met-CHO), amastatin ([(2S, 2R)]-3-amino-2hydroxy-5-methylhexanoyl] -Val-Val-Asp-OH), arphamenine A ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8guanidino-4-oxo-2-phenylmethyl octanoic acid), arphamenine B ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8guanidino-4-oxo-2-p-hydroxyphenyl methyloctanoic acid), benzamidine, bestatin ([(2S, 2R)-3-amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenyl butanoyl] -L-Leucine), CA-074 ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl]-L-isoleucyl-L-proline), CA-074-Me ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl)-L-isoleucyl-L-proline-methylester), calpastatin, calpeptin (benzyloxycarbonylleucyl-norleucinal), carboxypeptidase inhibitor, cathepsin inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz-pMe), cathepsin inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz-pMe), cathepsin inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz-pOMe), cathepsin B inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Ala-CH₂F), cathepsin B inhibitor II (Ac-Leu-Val-lysinal), cathepsin L inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Phe-CH₂F), cathepsin L inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Tyr-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Tyr-(t-Bu)-CHN₂), cathepsin L inhibitor IV (1-naphthalenesulfonyl-Ile-Trp-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor V (Z-Phe-Tyr(OtBu)-COCHO), cathepsin L inhibitor VI (N-(4-biphenylacetyl)-S-methylcysteine (D)-Arg-Phe- \Box -phenethylamide)(N-(4-biphenylacetyl)-Smethylcysteine-(D)-Arg-Phe-β-phenethylamide), cathepsin S inhibitor (Z-Phe-Leu-COCHO), cystatin, diprotin A (H-Ile-Pro-Ile-OH), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-Lleucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64 d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)-trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-

leucylamido-3-methylbutane ethyl ester), ebelactone A (3,11-dihydroxy-2,4,6,8,10,12hexamethyl-9-oxo-6-tetradecenoic 1,3-lactone), ebelactone B (2-ethyl-3,11-dihydroxy-4,6,8,10,12-penta methyl -9-oxo-6-tetradecenoic 1,3-lactone), EDTA (ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid), EGTA (ethyleneglycol-bis(aminoethyl) N,N,N',N' tetraacetic acid)(ethyleneglycol-bis(β-aminoethyl)-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid), elastase inhibitor II (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Ala-CMK), elastase inhibitor III (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Val-CMK), elastatinal (Leu-(Cap)-Gln-Ala-al or N-[(S)-1-carboxy-isopentyl)-carbamoylalpha-(2-iminohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-L-glycyl-L-glutaminyl-L-alaninal), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-3-methylbutane ethyl ester), N-ethyl maleimide, GGACK (1,5-dansyl-L-glutamyl-L-glycyl-L-arginine chloro methyl ketone), galardin (N-[(2S)-(methoxycarbonylmethyl)-4-methylpentanoyl]-L-tryptophan-methyl amide), 2guanidinoethylmercaptosuccinic acid, hirudin, HIV protease inhibitor (Ac-Leu-Valphenylalaninal), leuhistin (((2R,3S)-3-amino-2-hydroxy-2-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-5methyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid), leupeptin (acetyl-leucyl-leucyl-arginal), NCO-700, PEFABLOC SC (4-(2-aminoethyl)-benzenesulfonyl fluoride), pepstatin (isovaleryl-Val-Val-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6-methylheptanoyl-Ala-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6-methylheptanoic acid), phebestin ((2S,3R)-3-amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenylbutanoyl-L-valyl-Lphenylalanine), PMSF (phenyl methyl sulfonyl fluoride), phosphoramidon (N-alpha-Lrhamnopyranosyloxy(hydroxyl phosphinyl)-L-Leucyl-L-tryptophan, plummer's inhibitor (D,L-2-mercaptomethyl-3-guanidino-ethylthiopropanoic acid), 1,10-phenanthroline, subtilisin inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor II (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor III (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz-pOMe), subtilisin inhibitor IV (Boc-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), subtilisin inhibitor V (Boc-Ala-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz), TIMP-2 (tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 2), trypsin inhibitor, secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor, and any mixture there of.

23. (Original): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 21, wherein the agent that alters activities of G protein coupled receptors and cAMP or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4-aminobenzyl-5'-N-

methylcarbox amidoadenosine), CPA (N^6 -cyclopentyladenosine), ADAC (N^6 - [4-[[[4-[[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro- N^6 -cyclopentyladenosine), CHA (N^6 -cyclohexyladenosine), GR79236 (N^6 -[1S, trans,2-hydroxycyclopentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)- N^6 -(2endonorbanyl)adenosine), IAB-MECA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-Nmethylcarboxamidoadenosine), R-PIA ($R-N^6$ -(phenylisopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethyl carbamoyl -3,4-dihydroxy-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2-yl]prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CV1808 (2phenylamino adenosine, HENECA (2-hex-1-ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine), PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4aminophenyl)methylcarbonyl] ethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'-N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino thiocarbonyl-2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarbox amido adenosine), DPMA (N^6 -(2(3,5dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl) adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), WRC-0470 (2cyclohexylmethylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2-(3-chloro-2-thienyl)-1-methylpropyl]amino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yl] cyclopentane carboxamide), IB-MECA (N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl) adenosine -5'-Nmethyluronamide), 2-CIADO (2-chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine), S-PIA (S- N^6 -(phenylisopropyl)adenosine), 2-[(2-aminoethylaminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl amino]-5'-N-ethyl-carboxamidoadenosine, 2-Cl-IB-MECA (2-chloro- N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), adenosine, polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.

- 24. (Original): A method of preventing organ ischemia or reperfusion injury comprising concomitantly administering to a living subject in need thereof
 - a. a protease inhibitor; and
 - b. an agent that alters activities of G protein coupled receptors and cAMP or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug thereof.

25. (Currently amended): The method of claim 24, wherein the protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, \(\precap-\text{amino-n-}\) eaproic acid $\underline{\varepsilon}$ -amino-*n*-caproic acid, $\underline{\Box}_1$ -antichymotrypsin $\underline{\alpha}_1$ -antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, \bigoplus_{1} -antitrypsin α_1 -antitrypsin, p-amidinophenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin ({(S)- 1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl] carbamoyl [-[2-amidohexahydro-4(S) pyrimidyl] (S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl- α - [2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]phenylalaninal), chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluoro phosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), \Box_2 -macroglobulin α_2 -macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-Arg-chloromethylketone), PPACK II, N^a -tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N^a -tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, acetylpepstatin (Ac-Val-Val-(3S,4S)-Sta-Ala-(3S,4S)-Sta-OH), calpain inhibitor I (N-acetyl-Leu-Leu-norleucinal), calpain inhibitor II (N-acetyl -Leu-Leu-Met-CHO), amastatin ([(2S, 2R)]-3-amino-2-hydroxy-5-methylhexanoyl] -Val-Val-Asp-OH), arphamenine A ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8-guanidino-4-oxo-2-phenylmethyl octanoic acid), arphamenine B ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8-guanidino-4-oxo-2-p-hydroxyphenyl methyloctanoic acid), benzamidine, bestatin ([(2S, 2R)-3-amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenyl butanoyl] -L-Leucine), CA-074 ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl)-L-isoleucyl-L-proline), CA-074-Me ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl)-L-isoleucyl-L-prolinemethylester), calpastatin, calpeptin (benzyloxycarbonylleucyl-norleucinal), carboxypeptidase inhibitor, cathepsin inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz), cathepsin inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz-pMe), cathepsin inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-BzpOMe), cathepsin B inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Ala-CH₂F), cathepsin B inhibitor II (Ac-Leu-Vallysinal), cathepsin L inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Phe- CH₂F), cathepsin L inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Tyr-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Tyr-(t-Bu)-CHN₂), cathepsin L inhibitor IV (1naphthalenesulfonyl-Ile-Trp-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor V (Z-Phe-Tyr(OtBu)-COCHO), cathepsin L inhibitor VI (N-(4-biphenylacetyl)-S-methylcysteine (D)-Arg-Phe-\(\partial\)-

phenethylamide)(N-(4-biphenylacetyl)-S-methylcysteine-(D)-Arg-Phe-βphenethylamide), cathepsin S inhibitor (Z-Phe-Leu-COCHO), cystatin, diprotin A (H-Ile-Pro-Ile-OH), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64 d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)-trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-3-methylbutane ethyl ester), ebelactone A (3,11-dihydroxy-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexamethyl-9-oxo-6-tetradecenoic 1,3lactone), ebelactone B (2-ethyl-3,11-dihydroxy-4,6,8,10,12-penta methyl -9-oxo-6tetradecenoic 1,3-lactone), EDTA (ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid), EGTA (ethyleneglycol-bis(\square -aminoethyl)-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid)(ethyleneglycol-bis(β aminoethyl)-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid), elastase inhibitor II (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Ala-CMK), elastase inhibitor III (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Val-CMK), elastatinal (Leu-(Cap)-Gln-Ala-al or N-[(S)-1-carboxy-isopentyl)-carbamoyl-alpha-(2-iminohexahydro-4(S)pyrimidyl]-L-glycyl-L-glutaminyl-L-alaninal), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)-trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-3-methylbutane ethyl ester), N-ethyl maleimide, GGACK (1,5-dansyl-L-glutamyl-Lglycyl-L-arginine chloro methyl ketone), galardin (N-[(2S)-(methoxycarbonylmethyl)-4methylpentanoyl]-L-tryptophan-methyl amide), 2-guanidinoethylmercaptosuccinic acid, hirudin, HIV protease inhibitor (Ac-Leu-Val-phenylalaninal), leuhistin (((2R,3S)-3amino-2-hydroxy-2-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-5-methyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid). leupeptin (acetyl-leucyl-arginal), NCO-700, PEFABLOC SC (4-(2-aminoethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride), pepstatin (isovaleryl-Val-Val-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6methylheptanovl-Ala-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6-methylheptanoic acid), phebestin ((2S,3R)-3-4)amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenylbutanoyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanine), PMSF (phenyl methyl sulfonyl fluoride), phosphoramidon (N-alpha-L-rhamnopyranosyloxy(hydroxyl phosphinyl)-L-Leucyl-L-tryptophan, plummer's inhibitor (D,L-2-mercaptomethyl-3guanidino-ethylthiopropanoic acid), 1,10-phenanthroline, subtilisin inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor II (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor III (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz-pOMe), subtilisin inhibitor IV (Boc-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), subtilisin inhibitor V (Boc-Ala-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz), TIMP-2 (tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 2), trypsin inhibitor, secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor, and any mixture there of.

- 26. (Original): The method of claim 24, wherein the agent that alters the activities of Gprotein coupled receptors and cAMP or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4-aminobenzyl-5'-Nmethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CPA (N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), ADAC (N⁶- [4-[[[4-[[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro- N^6 -cyclopentyl adenosine), CHA (N^6 -cyclohexyladenosine), GR79236 (N^6 -[1S, trans,2-hydroxycyclo pentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)- N^6 -(2endonorbanyl)adenosine), IAB-MECA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-Nmethylcarboxamidoadenosine), R-PIA ($R-N^6$ -(phenyl isopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethylcarbamoyl-3,4-dihydroxy-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2yl]-prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2-carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CV1808 (2phenylaminoadenosine), HENECA (2-hex-1-ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine), PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4aminophenyl)methylcarbonyl]ethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'-N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino thio carbonyl -2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), DPMA (N^6 -(2(3,5dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl)adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), WRC-0470 (2-cyclohexyl methylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2-(3-chloro-2thienyl)-1-methylpropyl]amino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yl] cyclopentane carbox amide), IB-MECA (N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), 2-CIADO (2chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N^6 -(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine), S-PIA (S- N^6 -(phenyl isopropyl) adenosine), 2-[(2-aminoethyl-aminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl amino]-5'-Nethyl-carboxamidoadenosine, 2-Cl-IB-MECA (2-chloro-N⁶- (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), adenosine, polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.
- 27. (Original): A method of preventing organ ischemia or reperfusion injury comprising administering to a living subject in need thereof sequentially in any order
 a. a protease inhibitor; and

b. an agent that alters activities of G protein coupled receptors and cAMP or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug thereof.

28. (Currently amended): The method of claim 27, wherein the serine protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, amino-n-eaproic acids-amino-n-caproic acid, \bigoplus_1 -antichymotrypsin α_1 -antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, \bigoplus_{1} -antitrypsin α_{1} -antitrypsin, p-amidinophenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin ($\{(S) - 1 - carboxy - 2 - phenylethyl\} - carbamoyl - [2 - amidohexahydro - 4(S) - (S) - (S)$ pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2phenylethyl]-carbamoyl- α - [2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal), chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluoro phosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), □2-macroglobulinα2-macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-Arg-chloromethylketone), PPACK II, N^a -tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N^a -tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, acetyl-pepstatin (Ac-Val-Val-(3S,4S)-Sta-Ala-(3S,4S)-Sta-OH), calpain inhibitor I (N-acetyl-Leu-Leu-norleucinal), calpain inhibitor II (N-acetyl-Leu-Leu-Met-CHO), amastatin ([(2S, 2R)]-3-amino-2-hydroxy-5-methylhexanoyl] -Val-Val-Asp-OH), arphamenine A ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8-guanidino-4-oxo-2-phenylmethyl octanoic acid), arphamenine B ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8-guanidino-4-oxo-2-p-hydroxyphenyl methyloctanoic acid), benzamidine, bestatin ([(2S, 2R)-3-amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenyl butanoyl] -L-Leucine), CA-074 ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl)-Lisoleucyl-L-proline), CA-074-Me ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl)-Lisoleucyl-L-proline-methylester), calpastatin, calpeptin (benzyloxycarbonylleucylnorleucinal), carboxypeptidase inhibitor, cathepsin inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz), cathepsin inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz-pMe), cathepsin inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz-pOMe), cathepsin B inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Ala-CH₂F), cathepsin B inhibitor II (Ac-Leu-Val-lysinal), cathepsin L inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Phe- CH₂F), cathepsin L inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Tyr-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Tyr-(t-Bu)-CHN₂), cathepsin L inhibitor

IV (1-naphthalenesulfonyl-Ile-Trp-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor V (Z-Phe-Tyr(OtBu)-COCHO), cathepsin L inhibitor VI (N-(4-biphenylacetyl) S-methylcysteine (D) Arg Phe- \Box -phenethylamide)(N-(4-biphenylacetyl)-S-methylcysteine-(D)-Arg-Phe- β phenethylamide), cathepsin S inhibitor (Z-Phe-Leu-COCHO), cystatin, diprotin A (H-Ile-Pro-Ile-OH), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64 d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)-trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-3-methylbutane ethyl ester), ebelactone A (3,11-dihydroxy-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexamethyl-9-oxo-6-tetradecenoic 1,3lactone), ebelactone B (2-ethyl-3,11-dihydroxy-4,6,8,10,12-penta methyl -9-oxo-6tetradecenoic 1,3-lactone), EDTA (ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid), EGTA (ethyleneglycol-bis(□-aminoethyl) N,N,N',N' tetraacetic acid)(ethyleneglycol-bis(βaminoethyl)-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid), elastase inhibitor II (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Ala-CMK), elastase inhibitor III (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Val-CMK), elastatinal (Leu-(Cap)-Gln-Ala-al or N-[(S)-1-carboxy-isopentyl)-carbamoyl-alpha-(2-iminohexahydro-4(S)pyrimidyll-L-glycyl-L-glutaminyl-L-alaninal), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)-trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-3-methylbutane ethyl ester), N-ethyl maleimide, GGACK (1,5-dansyl-L-glutamyl-Lglycyl-L-arginine chloro methyl ketone), galardin (N-[(2S)-(methoxycarbonylmethyl)-4methylpentanoyl]-L-tryptophan-methyl amide), 2-guanidinoethylmercaptosuccinic acid, hirudin, HIV protease inhibitor (Ac-Leu-Val-phenylalaninal), leuhistin (((2R,3S)-3amino-2-hydroxy-2-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-5-methyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid), leupeptin (acetyl-leucyl-leucyl-arginal), NCO-700, PEFABLOC SC (4-(2-aminoethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride), pepstatin (isovaleryl-Val-Val-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6methylheptanoyl-Ala-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6-methylheptanoic acid), phebestin ((2S,3R)-3amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenylbutanoyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanine), PMSF (phenyl methyl sulfonyl fluoride), phosphoramidon (N-alpha-L-rhamnopyranosyloxy(hydroxyl phosphinyl)-L-Leucyl-L-tryptophan, plummer's inhibitor (D,L-2-mercaptomethyl-3guanidino-ethylthiopropanoic acid), 1,10-phenanthroline, subtilisin inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor II (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor III (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz-pOMe), subtilisin inhibitor IV (Boc-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), subtilisin inhibitor V (Boc-Ala-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz), TIMP-2 (tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase

- 2), trypsin inhibitor, secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor, and any mixture there of.
- 29. (Original): The method of claim 27, wherein the agent that alters activities of G-protein coupled receptors and cAMP or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4-aminobenzyl-5'-Nmethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CPA (N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), ADAC (N⁶- [4-[[[4-[[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro- N^6 -cyclopentyl adenosine), CHA (N^6 -cyclohexyladenosine), GR79236 (N^6 -[1S, trans,2-hydroxycyclo pentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)- N^6 -(2endonorbanyl)adenosine), IAB-MECA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-Nmethylcarboxamidoadenosine), R-PIA ($R-N^6$ -(phenyl isopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethylcarbamoyl-3,4-dihydroxy-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2yl]-prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2-carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CV1808 (2phenylaminoadenosine), HENECA (2-hex-1-ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine), PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4aminophenyl)methylcarbonyl]ethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'-N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino thio carbonyl-2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), DPMA (N^6 -(2(3,5dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methylphenyl)ethyl)adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), WRC-0470 (2-cyclohexyl methylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2-(3-chloro-2thienyl)-1-methylpropyl]amino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yl] cyclopentane carboxamide), IB-MECA (N^6 - (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), 2-CIADO (2-chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl) adenosine), S-PIA (S- N^6 -(phenylisopropyl)adenosine), 2-[(2-aminoethyl-aminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl amino]-5'-N-ethyl-carboxamidoadenosine, 2-Cl-IB-MECA (2-chloro-N⁶- (3-iodobenzyl) adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), adenosine, polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.

- 30. (Original): A method of preventing organ or tissue injury at predetermined point or period of intervention comprising administrating to a living subject in need thereof a pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - a. a protease inhibitor; and
 - b. an agent that alters activities of G protein coupled receptors and cAMP, an analog or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative or prodrug thereof.
- 31. (Original): The method of claim 30, wherein the organ or tissue injury is related to at least one of cardiac surgery, non-surgical cardiac revascularization, organ transplantation, perfusion, ischemia, reperfusion, ischemia-reperfusion injury, oxidant injury, cytokine induced injury, shock induced injury, resuscitations injury, or apoptosis.
- 32. (Original): The method of claim 30, wherein the administration is made at the predetermined point of time related to at least one of pre-treatment regimen, pharmacological preconditioning, reperfusion or post interventional therapy, wherein the pharmacological preconditioning is a treatment administered before the ischemic intervention followed by a brief period of reperfusion or washout.
- 33. (Currently amended): The method of claim 30, wherein the protease inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of 4-(2-aminoethyl) benzenesulfonylfluoride, ∃-amino-n-eaproic acid, ∃-antichymotrypsinα₁-antichymotrypsin, antipain, antithrombin III, ∃₁-antitrypsinα₁-antitrypsin, p-amidinophenylmethyl sulfonyl fluoride, aprotinin, cathepsin/subtilisin inhibitor (Boc-Val-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), chymostatin ({(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl}-carbamoyl-□-[2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal)([(S)-1-carboxy-2-phenylethyl]-carbamoyl-α-[2-amidohexahydro-4(S)-pyrimidyl]-(S)-glycyl-[A = Leu, B = Val, or C = Ile]-phenylalaninal), chymotrypsin inhibitor I, 3,4-dichloroisocoumarin, diisopropylfluoro phosphate, dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor I (Ile-Pro-Ile), dipeptidylpeptidase IV inhibitor II (H-Glu-(NHO-Bz)-Pyr), ecotin, elastase inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), ∃₂-macroglobulinα₂-macroglobulin, PPACK (D-Phe-Pro-Arg-chloromethylketone),

PPACK II, N^a -tosyl-Lys chloromethyl ketone, N^a -tosyl-Phe chloromethyl ketone, acetylpepstatin (Ac-Val-Val-(3S,4S)-Sta-Ala-(3S,4S)-Sta-OH), calpain inhibitor I (N-acetyl-Leu-Leu-norleucinal), calpain inhibitor II (N-acetyl -Leu-Leu-Met-CHO), amastatin ([(2S, 2R)]-3-amino-2-hydroxy-5-methylhexanoyl] -Val-Val-Asp-OH), arphamenine A ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8-guanidino-4-oxo-2-phenylmethyl octanoic acid), arphamenine B ((2R,5S)-5-amino-8-guanidino-4-oxo-2-p-hydroxyphenyl methyloctanoic acid),benzamidine, bestatin ([(2S, 2R)-3-amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenyl butanoyl] -L-Leucine), CA-074 ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl)-L-isoleucyl-L-proline), CA-074-Me ((L-3-trans-[propylcarbamoyl]oxirane-2-carbonyl)-L-isoleucyl-L-prolinemethylester), calpastatin, calpeptin (benzyloxycarbonylleucyl-norleucinal), carboxypeptidase inhibitor, cathepsin inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz), cathepsin inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-Bz-pMe), cathepsin inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Gly-NHO-BzpOMe), cathepsin B inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Ala-CH₂F), cathepsin B inhibitor II (Ac-Leu-Vallysinal), cathepsin L inhibitor I (Z-Phe-Phe-CH₂F), cathepsin L inhibitor II (Z-Phe-Tyr-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor III (Z-Phe-Tyr-(t-Bu)-CHN₂), cathepsin L inhibitor IV (1naphthalenesulfonyl-Ile-Trp-CHO), cathepsin L inhibitor V (Z-Phe-Tyr(OtBu)-COCHO), cathepsin L inhibitor VI (N (4-biphenylacetyl) S-methylcysteine (D) Arg Phe phenethylamide)(N-(4-biphenylacetyl)-S-methylcysteine-(D)-Arg-Phe-βphenethylamide), cathepsin S inhibitor (Z-Phe-Leu-COCHO), cystatin, diprotin A (H-Ile-Pro-Ile-OH), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64 d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)-trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-3-methylbutane ethyl ester), ebelactone A (3,11-dihydroxy-2,4,6,8,10,12-hexamethyl-9-oxo-6-tetradecenoic 1,3lactone), ebelactone B (2-ethyl-3,11-dihydroxy-4,6,8,10,12-penta methyl -9-oxo-6tetradecenoic 1,3-lactone), EDTA (ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid), EGTA aminoethyl)-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid), elastase inhibitor II (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Ala-CMK), elastase inhibitor III (MeOSuc-Ala-Ala-Pro-Val-CMK), elastatinal (Leu-(Cap)-Gln-Ala-al or N-[(S)-1-carboxy-isopentyl)-carbamoyl-alpha-(2-iminohexahydro-4(S)pyrimidyl]-L-glycyl-L-glutaminyl-L-alaninal), E-64 (trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-(4-guanidino)butane), E-64d (loxistatin, or (2S,3S)-trans-epoxysuccinyl-L-leucylamido-

3-methylbutane ethyl ester), N-ethyl maleimide, GGACK (1,5-dansyl-L-glutamyl-Lglycyl-L-arginine chloro methyl ketone), galardin (N-[(2S)-(methoxycarbonylmethyl)-4methylpentanoyl]-L-tryptophan-methyl amide), 2-guanidinoethylmercaptosuccinic acid, hirudin, HIV protease inhibitor (Ac-Leu-Val-phenylalaninal), leuhistin (((2R,3S)-3amino-2-hydroxy-2-(1H-imidazol-4-ylmethyl)-5-methyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid), leupeptin (acetyl-leucyl-leucyl-arginal), NCO-700, PEFABLOC SC (4-(2-aminoethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride), pepstatin (isovaleryl-Val-Val-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6methylheptanoyl-Ala-4-amino-3-hydroxy-6-methylheptanoic acid), phebestin ((2S,3R)-3amino-2-hydroxy-4-phenylbutanoyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanine), PMSF (phenyl methyl sulfonyl fluoride), phosphoramidon (N-alpha-L-rhamnopyranosyloxy(hydroxyl phosphinyl)-L-Leucyl-L-tryptophan, plummer's inhibitor (D,L-2-mercaptomethyl-3guanidino-ethylthiopropanoic acid), 1,10-phenanthroline, subtilisin inhibitor I (Boc-Ala-Ala-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor II (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz), subtilisin inhibitor III (Z-Gly-Phe-NHO-Bz-pOMe), subtilisin inhibitor IV (Boc-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz-pCl), subtilisin inhibitor V (Boc-Ala-Pro-Phe-NHO-Bz), TIMP-2 (tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 2), trypsin inhibitor, secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor, and any mixture there of.

34. (Original): The method of claim 30, wherein the agent that alters activities of G protein coupled receptors and cAMP is selected from the group consisting of AB-MECA (N⁶-4-amino benzyl-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), CPA (N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), ADAC (N⁶- [4-[[[4-[[[(2-aminoethyl) amino] carbonyl] methyl]-anilino] carbonyl] methyl] phenyl] adenosine), CCPA (2-chloro-N⁶-cyclopentyladenosine), CHA (N⁶-cyclopexyladenosine), GR79236 (N⁶-[1S, trans,2-hydroxycyclopentyl] adenosine), S-ENBA ((2S)- N⁶-(2-endonorbanyl)adenosine), IAB-MECA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methylcarboxamidoadenosine), R-PIA (R-N⁶-(phenylisopropyl) adenosine), ATL146e (4-{3-[6-amino-9-(5-ethylcarbamoyl-3,4-dihydroxy-tetrahydro-furan-2-yl)-9H-purin-2-yl]-prop-2-ynyl}-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid methyl ester), CGS-21680 (APEC or 2-[p-(2-carbonyl-ethyl)-phenyl ethyl amino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), CV1808 (2-phenylaminoadenosine), HENECA (2-hex-1-ynyl-5'-N-ethylcarboxamido adenosine), NECA (5'-N-ethyl-carboxamido adenosine),

PAPA-APEC (2-(4-[2-[(4-aminophenyl) methyl carbonyl]ethyl] phenyl) ethylamino-5'N-ethyl carboxamidoadenosine), DITC-APEC (2-[p-(4-isothiocyanatophenylamino
thiocarbonyl-2-ethyl)-phenylethylamino]-5'-N-ethylcarboxamidoadenosine), DPMA (N⁶(2(3,5-dimethoxy phenyl)-2-(2-methyl phenyl) ethyl)adenosine), S-PHPNECA ((S)-2phenylhydroxypropynyl-5'-N-ethylcarbox amidoadenosine), WRC-0470 (2cyclohexylmethylidenehydrazinoadenosine), AMP-579 (1S-[1a,2b,3b,4a(S*)]]-4-[7-[[2(3-chloro-2-thienyl)-1-methylpropyl]amino]-3H-imidazo [4,5-b] pyridyl-3-yl]
cyclopentane carboxamide), IB-MECA (N⁶- (3-iodobenzyl) adenosine -5'-Nmethyluronamide), 2-CIADO (2-chloroadenosine), I-ABA (N⁶-(4-amino-3-iodobenzyl)
adenosine), S-PIA (S-N⁶-(phenylisopropyl)adenosine), 2-[(2-aminoethylaminocarbonylethyl) phenylethyl amino]-5'-N-ethyl-carboxamidoadenosine, 2-Cl-IBMECA (2-chloro-N⁶- (3-iodobenzyl)adenosine-5'-N-methyluronamide), adenosine,
polyadenylic acid, and any mixture thereof.